Smart Home Management

System Description Document

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History

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# Intro

Require a smart home management solution which can manage all these smart devices via NETCONF/YANG. Each of the device has some common characteristics and some specific characteristics. To start with, this document describes about home management of Fridge & Air conditioner. We would refer to Smart Home Management to as SHM in some parts of this document.

# Technology

The choice of technology for configuring, managing & monitoring the smart home appliance is NETCONF protocol via the YANG specification due to its proven benefits of network element management capabilities. The system can be evolved further with RESTCONF and / or other methods in the future.

# Key Functionalities

## Configure the devices

This function helps in configuring the appliances managed by SHM with basic inputs which includes IP Address and Port.

These fields would be referred for communicating or polling the details from the appliances via the other functions of SHM.

## Collect data periodically

The SHM client can request/poll for details from the appliances managed by SHM periodically or randomly to understand the current / live status of the polled/queried appliance. Based on the YANG specification and the exposed fields, the client would be returned with the appropriate values back from SHM server.

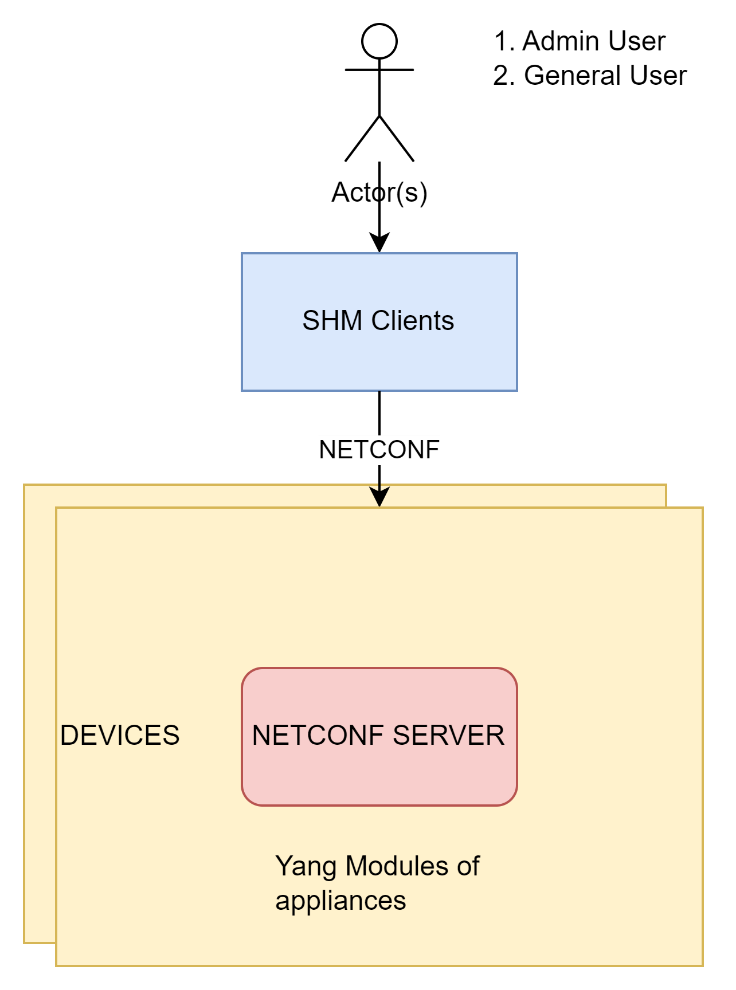
## Troubleshoot and control the devices

The SHM Server also offers facility to control the life cycle of appliance by sending out the action commands to the device. Example: start, stop, restart, dump-trace etc.

## Visualize the device details and provide some metrics

The SHM can come up with intuitive UI for showing the dashboard reflecting the details of the managed entities. The SHM can also extract / scrape for the metrics exposed by the appliances to be displayed on the UI. The choice of UI is yet to be explored, but the SHM shall be ready with the exposure of the metrics irrespective of the UI.

# Logical View



# Use Cases

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **Persona Map** | |
| Admin user | The person who Provides, Installs and Bills the SHM facility. |
| General user | The person who Consumes and controls the appliances using the SHM facility. |

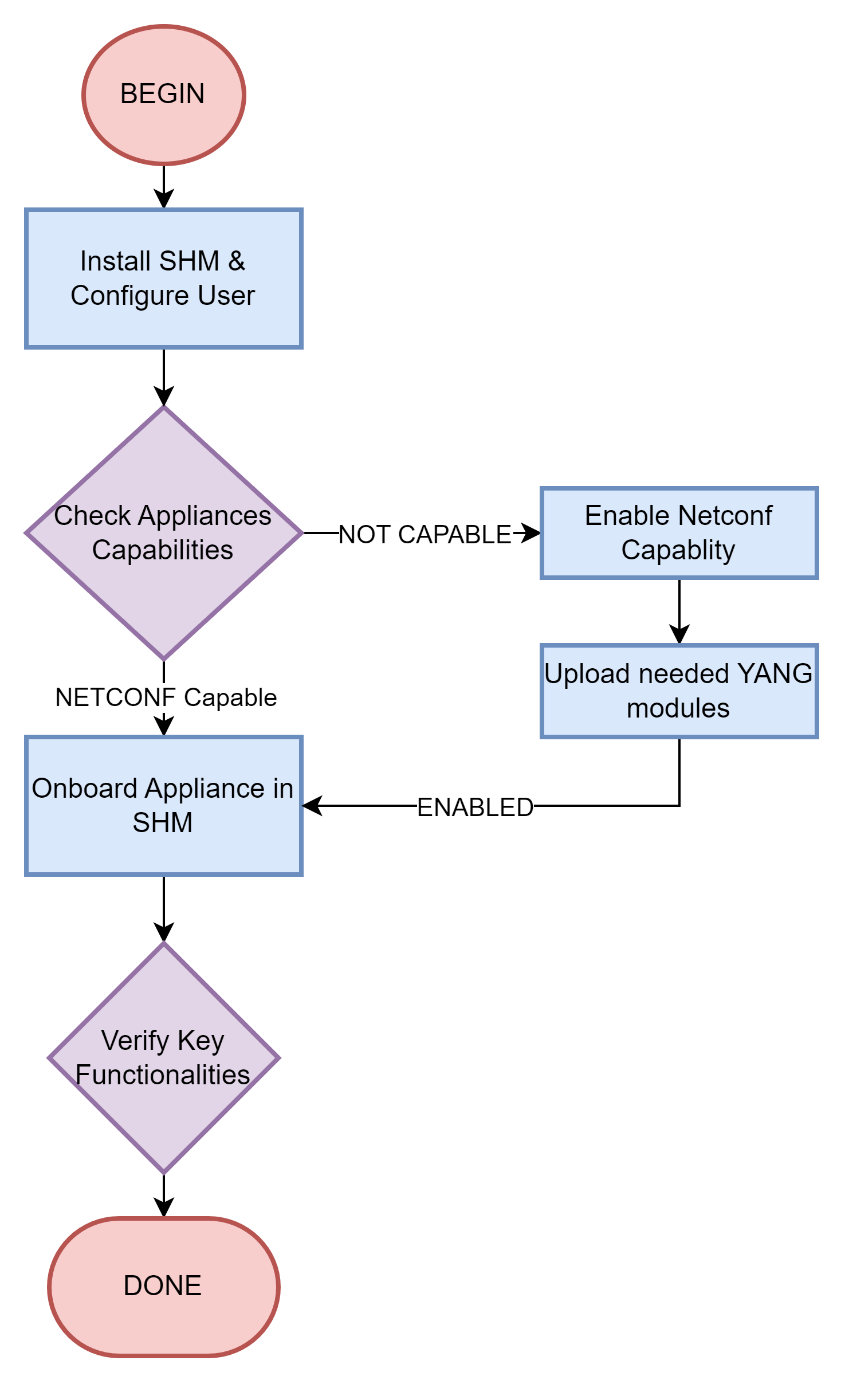
## As an Admin user, I should be able to configure/install the SHM at a premise.

## As a General User, I should be able to control my appliances using the SHM client.

## As a General User, I should be able to view & monitor my appliances using SHM Client.

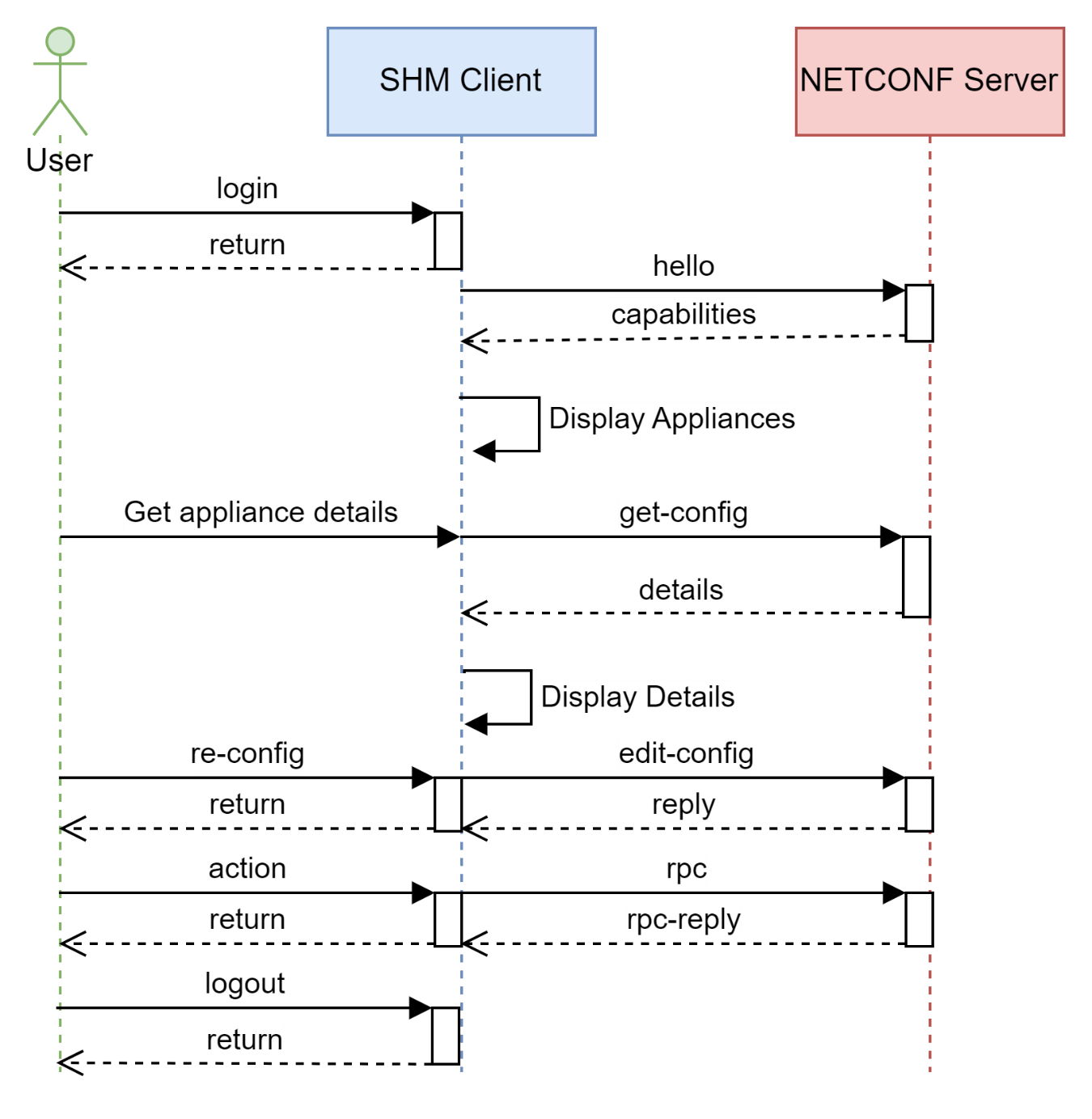
# Use Cases Detailed View

## As an Admin, I should be able to install and activate the SHM on premise.



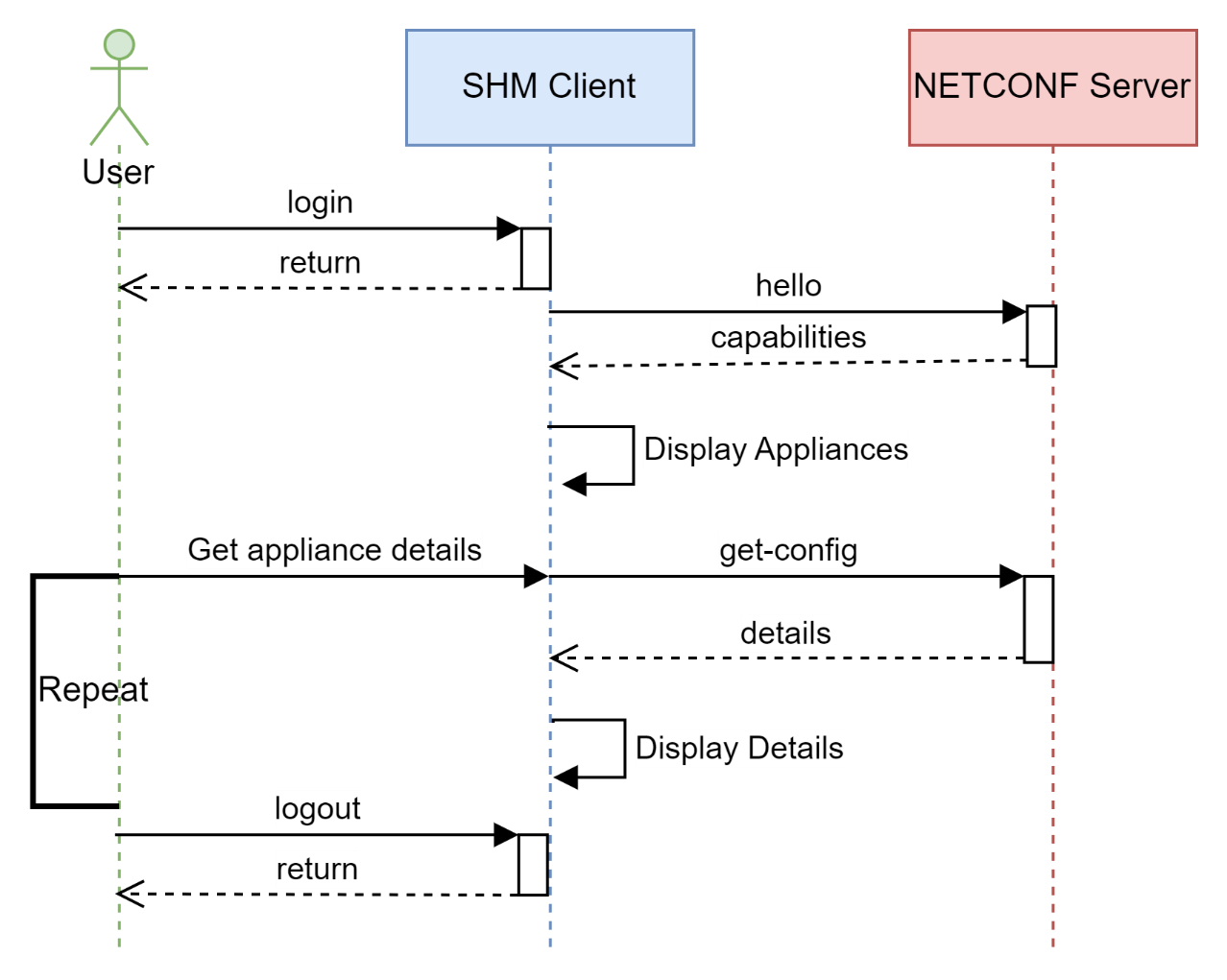
1. Install the SHM client / application on the smartphone or laptop.
2. Configure user and enable credentials and role mapping.
3. Find the list of appliances that needs to be managed by SHM.
4. Check for the NETCONF-YANG capabilities of the appliances.
5. Enable or adapt the appliance to support the NETCONF and upload the needed YANG modules to the appliances.
6. Add or onboard the appliance to the SHM client.
7. Verify key functionalities and handover SHM to the user.

## As a General user, I should be able to control the appliances.



1. Login into SHM Client using the credentials.
2. The SHM Client retrieves the capabilities and list of devices to show.
3. User requests for details about the appliances.
4. SHM Client retrieves the details using get-config.
5. Client displays the details to user.
6. User performs some re-configuration on the appliance.
7. Client performs the request using the edit-config and responds with return.
8. User perform some actions on appliance using client.
9. Client performs the action using the RPC calls and gets the reply.
10. Repeat from Step-3 or User Logs out.

## As a General user, I can view and monitor the appliances in my SHM client.



1. Login into SHM Client using the credentials.
2. The SHM Client retrieves the capabilities and list of devices to show.
3. User requests for details/metrics exposed by appliances.
4. SHM Client retrieves the details using get-config.
5. Client displays the details to user.
6. User can repeat steps 3 to 5 periodically.
7. User can logout of the SHM Client.

# 7. Information model

This section describes about the YANG Specification and various entities used in the data model. The data model is represented in UML Class diagram, YANG spec and also in tree view.

Below are few keywords and their relevant usage in the YANG specification file.

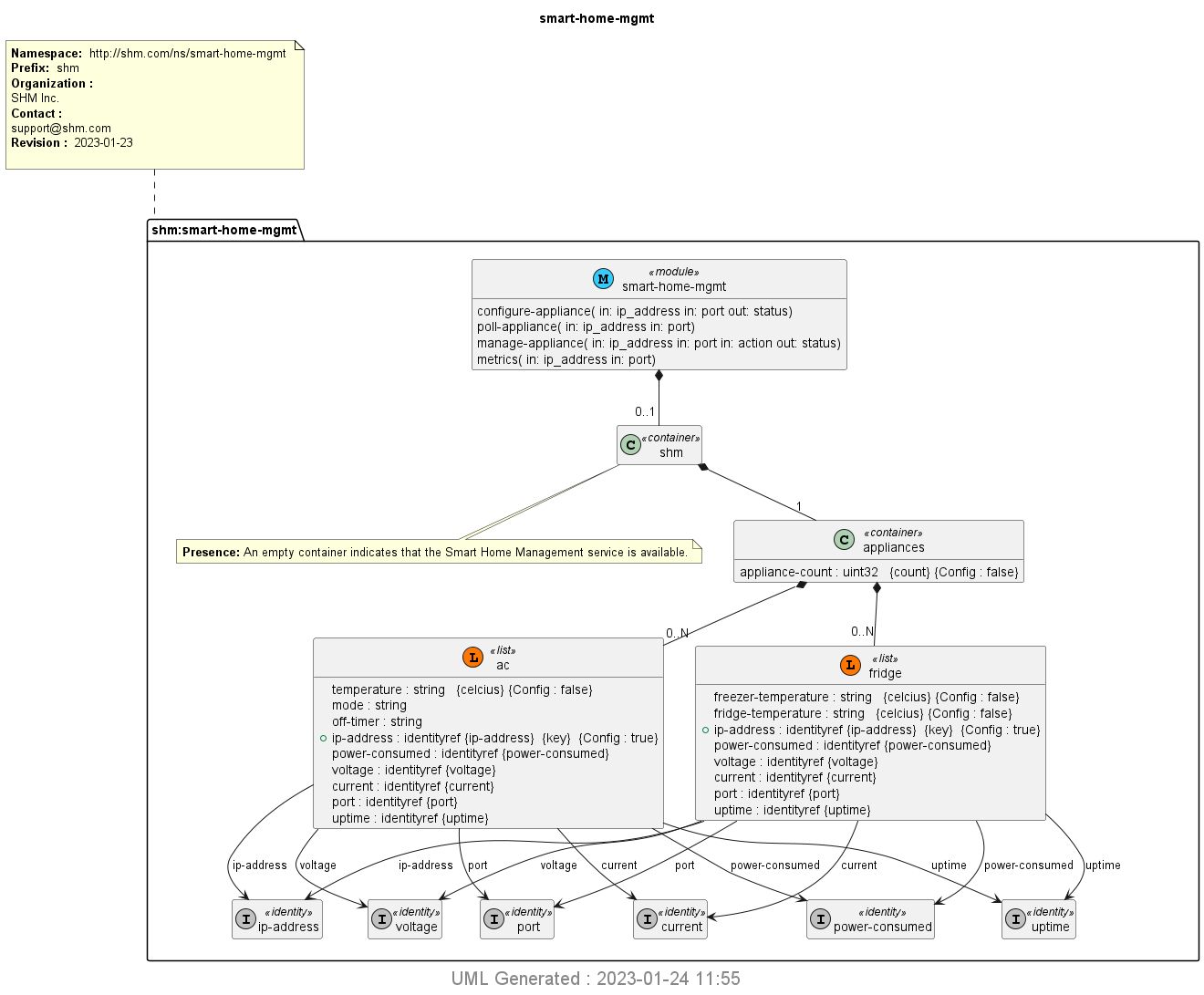
1. Module – Represents the base module (SHM in our case)
2. Identifiers – Represents some common attributes and description.
3. Containers – Represents the managed entities (Appliances in our case)
4. Lists – The logical grouping of containers
5. Leaf – Represents the common and specific attributes of the managed entities.
6. RPC – Represents the actions that could be done on the managed entities.
7. Input & output – Represents the input and output supplied for RPC calls
8. Choice – Cases – Represents the conditional output based on entity.

**TREE View (Yang Modeler 3PP)**



|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **YANG SPEC View (PYANG)**  module: smart-home-mgmt  +--rw shm!  +--rw appliances  +--rw ac\* [ip-address]  | +--ro temperature? string  | +--rw mode? string  | +--rw off-timer? string  | +--rw ip-address identityref  | +--rw power-consumed? identityref  | +--rw voltage? identityref  | +--rw current? identityref  | +--rw port? identityref  | +--rw uptime? identityref  +--rw fridge\* [ip-address]  | +--ro freezer-temperature? string  | +--ro fridge-temperature? string  | +--rw ip-address identityref  | +--rw power-consumed? identityref  | +--rw voltage? identityref  | +--rw current? identityref  | +--rw port? identityref  | +--rw uptime? identityref  +--ro appliance-count? uint32  rpcs:  +---x configure-appliance  | +---w input  | | +---w ip-address? identityref  | | +---w port? identityref  | +--ro output  | +--ro status? string  +---x poll-appliance  | +---w input  | | +---w ip-address? identityref  | | +---w port? identityref  | +--ro output  | +--ro (appliance)?  | +--:(ac)  contd..>> | | | +--ro temperature? string  | | +--ro mode? string  | | +--ro off-timer? string  | +--:(fridge)  | +--ro freezer-temperature? string  | +--ro fridge-temperature? string  +---x manage-appliance  | +---w input  | | +---w ip-address? identityref  | | +---w port? identityref  | | +---w action? string  | +--ro output  | +--ro status? string  +---x metrics  +---w input  | +---w ip-address? identityref  | +---w port? identityref  +--ro output  +--ro (appliance)?  +--:(ac)  | +--ro temperature? string  | +--ro mode? string  | +--ro off-timer? string  | +--ro power-consumed? identityref  | +--ro voltage? identityref  | +--ro current? identityref  | +--ro ip-address? identityref  | +--ro port? identityref  | +--ro uptime? identityref  +--:(fridge)  +--ro freezer-temperature? string  +--ro fridge-temperature? string  +--ro power-consumed1? identityref  +--ro voltage1? identityref  +--ro current1? identityref  +--ro ip-address1? identityref  +--ro port1? identityref  +--ro uptime1? identityref |

**UML Class Diagram View (Plantuml)**



YANG Spec file and below files could be located in the below Github repo.

<https://github.com/srivatzm/Smart-Home-Mgmt>

1. SHM.drawio
2. Smart Home Management - System Design.docx
3. smart-home-mgmt.png
4. smart-home-mgmt.uml
5. smart-home-mgmt.yang

# Security

The implementation of the NETCONF – YANG shall follow the security considerations laid out in the RFC4741 guidelines which can be located at [RFC 4741: NETCONF Configuration Protocol (rfc-editor.org)](https://www.rfc-editor.org/rfc/rfc4741#page-64).

The implementation of the LOGIN shall follow the appropriate IDM/IAM guidelines based on the 3PP selected for the same.

The SHM didn’t find any other venues of vulnerability with the current minimal requirements, but at the same time, the security should be hardened based on the future evolution as necessary.

The privacy details should be maintained as per the rules laid specific to the country where the SHM is implemented. GDPR in EU/EEA, PDP in India etc.

# Comments